#### IN LOVING MEMORY OF

#### Reb Moshe Boruch ben Reb Yakov ע"ה Fishman

Passed away on Shabbat Parshat Vayakhel-Pekudei, 27 Adar, 5777

ת. נ. צ. ב. ה.

\*

#### DEDICATED BY

Chabad-Lubavitch community of California שיחיו

היי שותף בהפצת עניני יימשיח וגאולהיי!!! להקדשות ולפרטים נוספים: טל.: 753-6844 (718) או 934-7095 (323) אימייל: info@torah4blind.org

Be A Partner
In Spreading Inyonei Moshiach U'geula!!!
To Dedicate This Publication
In Honor Of Your Family Or A Loved One
For More Info. Call:
(718) 753-6844 or (323) 934-7095
or email: info@torah4blind.org

JEWISH CHILDREN:
Get your own letter in a Sefer Torah!
http://www.kidstorah.org

For this and other books on Moshiach & Geulah, go to: http://www.torah4blind.org
TO DEDICATE AN ISSUE IN HONOR OF A LOVED ONE, CALL (323) 934-7095

# Reflections of Redemption

Essays on the Weekly Torah Reading and Moshiach,
Based on the talks of the
Lubavitcher Rebbe,
Rabbi Menachem M. Schneerson

Reprinted for Parshat Tisa, 5784 (Vol. 21)



VAAD L'HAFOTZAS SICHOS
788 EASTERN PARKWAY • BROOKLYN, NY 11213
5784 • 2024

#### IN LOVING MEMORY OF Horav Schneur Zalman Halevi ע"ה ben Horav Yitzchok Elchonon Halevi הי"ד Shagalov

Passed away on 21 Tamuz, 5766

Reb **Dovid Asniel** ben Reb **Eliyahu** ע"ה **Ekman** 

Passed away on 5 Sivan - Erev Shavuot, 5765

Mrs. Devora Rivka bas Reb Yosef Eliezer ע״ה Marenburg

Passed away on the second day of Rosh Chodesh Adar, 5766

Reb Yitzchok Moshe (Ian) ben Reb Dovid Asniel ע"ה Ekman (Santiago, Chile)

Passed away on the 24th day of Shevat, 5769

ת. נ. צ. ב. ה.

AND IN HONOR OF Mrs. Esther Shaindel bas Fraidel Chedva 'שתחי Shagalov

DEDICATED BY Rabbi & Mrs. Yosef Y. and Gittel Rochel שיחיט Shagalov

Reprinted with permission by:

**Moshiach Awareness Center,** 

a Project of:

**Enlightenment For The Blind, Inc.** 

602 North Orange Drive. Los Angeles, CA 90036

Tel.: (323) 934-7095 \* Fax: (323) 934-7092

http://www.torah4blind.org e-mail: yys@torah4blind.org

Rabbi Yosef Y. Shagalov, Executive Director

Printed in the U.S.A.

#### In Loving memory of Reb Reuvein ben Reb Mordechai Yaakov HaKohen ע"ה Caplan

Passed away on 11 Tishrei, 5778 ת. ג. צ. ב. ה.

אחס וא Honor of His Wife - שתבלחט"א Mrs. Elka bas Raizel שתחי Caplan May she go from strength to strength in health, happiness, Torah and *mitzvot*.

#### In Loving memory of a dear freind Reb Yosef Yisroel ben Reb Sholom ע"ה Rosner Passed away on 7 Menachem-Av, 5777

ת. נ. צ. ב. ה.

\*

### DEDICATED BY HIS FRIENDS Mr. & Mrs. Gershon and Leah שיחיו Wolf Rabbi & Mrs. Yosef Y. and Gittel Rochel שיחיו Shagalov

# $\begin{array}{c} \textit{Reflections} \\ \text{of} \\ \textit{Redemption} \end{array}$

Essays on the Weekly Torah Reading and Moshiach,
Based on the talks of the
Lubavitcher Rebbe,
Rabbi Menachem M. Schneerson

by Rabbi Dovid Yisroel Ber Kaufmann, Ph.D

#### Tissa

#### THE HALF-SHEKEL OF REDEMPTION

The "coin of fire" atones for the sin of the Golden Calf. The two characteristics of the yearly half-shekel tithe are quality and enthusiasm. A coin has a fixed value of known quality. Fire is unlimited, transformative passion. Offering these two aspects of the soul atones for and burns away the sin that delayed Redemption.

The tragic incident of the Golden Calf occurs in this week's Torah reading. However, the Torah reading does not begin with the story of the people's transgression. Rather, it begins with the process of atonement. G-d instructs Moses to take a census of the Jewish people. Each male over twenty was to give a half-shekel; by counting the half-shekels, the number of able-bodied men can be determined. This half-shekel was to be a yearly tax; from the funds collected the communal offerings would be bought.

When Moses argues with G-d not to destroy the people, G-d relents, but declares that "in the day when I visit, I will visit their sin upon them." This means that whenever the Jewish people are punished for a sin, included with it is a small measure of punishment for the transgression of the Golden Calf. By the same token, every sacrifice, every atonement, surely expiates a little of the sin. Thus, the yearly contribution of a half-shekel per male over twenty repaired, in part, the damage caused by the sin of the Golden Calf.

(As an aside, we may note this particular tithe – a yearly half-shekel per head – was limited to men over twenty because they alone, and not the women, participated in the transgression.)

There is an immediate and obvious connection between the

### **BESURAS HAGEULO The Announcement Of The Redemption**

69

In our generation - the last generation of exile and the first generation of Redemption - after the tremendous amount of "our efforts and Divine service" of the Jewish people throughout all the previous years and generations, and now even the last purification has been accomplished, now the main emphasis must be first of all on completing, concluding and perfecting the Divine service - to bring the "Gimmel" - the third stage of the true and complete Redemption, in actual reality!

(From the talk of Tuesday night, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Shabbos Kodesh, Parshas Ki Tisa, 14-18 Adar Rishon, 5752)

of the soul is transformed and revealed. Even a mundane act is atonement; the simple mitzvah rectifies the transgression and brings Moshiach. If this applies to our own actions, all the more so it applies when we help another Jew do a mitzvah.

Enthusiasm eventually brings comprehension. But even more, when we are "fired up," so to speak, it hastens the fire, the Divine revelation, that will rebuild the Temple. By giving our half-shekel, by devoting our very essence to G-d's Will, we hasten the coming of Moshiach.

(Based on Likkutei Sichos 16, pp. 381-393)

required donation of a half-shekel and hastening the Redemption. We know that the revelation at Sinai elevated not just the Jewish people, but the whole world. The residue of the sin of the Tree of Knowledge was rinsed away. Once the Jewish people received the Torah, the world was ready for the final Redemption. Had the Jewish people remained steadfast and faithful, Moses would have been Moshiach; the age of Redemption would have begun with their entrance into Israel.

With the sin of the Golden Calf, however, Redemption was delayed. Before Moshiach can come, or at least, before there can be an open revelation of Moshiach, every trace of the transgression must be removed, consumed by fire, as it were. Thus, every act that transforms the calf back into a molten material brings us one step closer to Redemption.

This brings us to the Torah reading. G-d tells Moses, "When you take the sum of the children of Israel according to their number, then they shall give every man an atonement for his soul unto the L-rd . . . This they shall give . . . half a shekel of the shekel of the sanctuary . . . as an offering to the L-rd."

So, given that the half-shekel is an "atonement for the soul," a reparation of the sin, so to speak, it seems fair to ask why. What special features of the half-shekel make it an instrument of atonement, and therefore Redemption?

The uniqueness of the half-shekel confused even Moses. When G-d said, "This they shall give," it wasn't clear to Moses exactly what should be given. Moses did not understand how the people could atone for the sin of the Golden Calf. Therefore, as Rashi comments, G-d showed Moses a coin of fire which weighed half a shekel and explained, like this coin shall they give.

Giving the half-shekel atoned for the sin of the Golden Calf, and that sin delayed Redemption; when we give a half-shekel, in a spiritual sense, we hasten the Redemption. Accordingly, by understanding the two elements of G-d's command, we can understand the form of atonement that brings Redemption.

The two elements we deduce from what G-d showed Moses: first, G-d showed Moses a coin; second, the coin itself was made of fire.

The half-shekel was given once a year because it functioned as a sacrifice: just as one could not give part of a sacrifice, so too the half-shekel could not be given piecemeal, at different times. For the same reason, the half-shekel had to be a coin. Since the shekel is a measurement, the command to give a half-shekel might mean a certain amount, not a fixed object. Maybe G-d wanted a half-shekel's weight of silver, regardless of its form? No, G-d wanted specifically a coin.

The difference is that weights and measures are quantitative. A coin, on the other hand, is qualitative. It has a certain value independent of its size or mass or volume. Thus, G-d demands as an atonement for the sin of the Golden Calf a coin, not a measurement. The act that initiates Redemption must have a certain quality, not quantity.

For a similar reason, the coin G-d showed Moses was made of fire. The difference between fire and the other elements – earth, wind and water – is the difference between quality and quantity. Earth, wind and water have dimensions and mass and occupy space. They are limited to a location and cover a certain area. Fire, on the other hand, is unlimited. It has no particular form nor can it be contained within some vessel. Fire continually spreads; it naturally extends and increases itself.

Obviously, our yearly half-shekel tithe cannot be a coin of fire. But on an inner, spiritual level, the coin of silver we give reflects the Heavenly coin of fire. It is this which brings atonement and as a result, Redemption.

Let us remember that G-d said the half-shekel would serve as an atonement for the soul. It was more than a sacrifice. A sacrifice brings forgiveness, and therefore a removal of the impurity caused by the sin. But an atonement for the soul means a redemption, a replacement of the soul, as it were. The person becomes a new existence.

Purification takes place through immersion in water or immersion in fire. The first washes away the transgression, affecting only the external attributes and unintentional actions. Returning the soul to the furnace, so to speak, affects the essence of the person, transforming him.

The sin of the Golden Calf affected the essence of the Jewish people. By showing Moses a "coin of fire," G-d indicated that atonement must come from the "fire of the soul." The Jewish people must give their very essence to rectify the transgression and bring the Redemption. Further, this giving must be total and all at once. Like the half-shekel, the "coin" that is the "fire of the soul" – one's very essence – cannot be given with reservations, conditions or in stages. To reach the level of Moshiach, there must be a transformation, one that reveals we have become a new existence.

But G-d revealed the coin of fire only after Moses admitted his confusion. Similarly, we must recognize our intellectual limitations before the essence of our soul can be revealed.

The practical lesson for us is obvious: we can sometimes lose enthusiasm for study of Torah, for performance of mitzvos, for acts of goodness and kindness, for preparing the world for Moshiach. At such a time, the Moses within us – the wisdom of our soul – becomes confused and disoriented. But when we realize that we have become desensitized, indifferent to G-d's Will, that itself arouses G-d's help and He shows us the coin of fire. The essence